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Last Week's S&P 500 Index: +0.3%

## Main themes remain intact, part 2

### Key takeaways

- We adjusted our year-end 2022 interest rate targets modestly higher and now expect one Federal Reserve (Fed) rate hike next year.
- While we favor stocks over bonds, we believe fixed income exposure remains an important piece of a diversified portfolio.

Last week we discussed some of our recent adjustments to targets and guidance looking out through year-end 2022, focusing on equities. This week let's look into some of the other adjustments, specifically in the fixed income asset class.

Importantly, as a reminder, while we did announce a number of changes in a variety of asset classes, the big-picture takeaway remains: We look for above-average gross domestic product (GDP) growth here at home as we look out over the next 13 months with only modest interest rate increases. Another key to our forward outlook is that we think inflation will decelerate from recent high levels as we move through the end of next year. While we do look for inflationary pressures to slow as we look forward, readers should know that Consumer Price Index (CPI) readings will likely stay higher as we move through the next year relative to the prepandemic period. In other words, we believe the disinflation much of the world experienced in the decade before COVID-19 is unlikely to return over our forecast period.

From a high level, fixed income has been in a relatively stable trading environment for some time. Both high-yield and investment-grade credit spreads have been hovering at low levels this year. The market appears comfortable with a continuation of the economic recovery and the credit worthiness of bond issuers. Given the tightness of these spreads to Treasury yields, we currently rate the high-yield and investment-grade credit segments of the bond market as neutral.

Rising inflation, at this point, has pushed yields up only modestly. For example, the 10-year Treasury currently yields 1.65%, which is very near the highs seen earlier this year. However, this month the Fed is beginning the process of tapering the amount of bonds (Treasury and mortgage backed securities) it has been purchasing in the open market each month. Given that process, the current level of CPI, and the above-average economic growth we expect looking out through year-end 2022, we have adjusted our 10-year Treasury yield target slightly higher. The mid-point of our year-end 2022 target range projection has been boosted up to 2.25% versus the prior 2%. In addition, we do now look for one Fed rate hike next year.

But as we did last week, we want to drive home our main message: We believe growth in the U.S. will be well above average as we look out through the end of next year while inflation slowly decelerates from current levels. We look for the labor market to improve and consumer spending to continue to drive the economy. We expect new all-time record highs in the S&P 500. And we continue to favor equities over bonds.

While our adjustments were modest, we believe fixed income remains an important piece of a diversified portfolio, even when taking into account anticipated interest rate increases.

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### Risk Considerations

Forecasts and targets are based on certain assumptions and on views of market and economic conditions which are subject to change.

Each asset class has its own risk and return characteristics. The level of risk associated with a particular investment or asset class generally correlates with the level of return the investment or asset class might achieve. **Stock markets**, especially foreign markets, are volatile. Stock values may fluctuate in response to general economic and market conditions, the prospects of individual companies, and industry sectors. **Bonds** are subject to market, interest rate, price, credit/default, liquidity, inflation and other risks. Prices tend to be inversely affected by changes in interest rates. **High yield (junk) bonds** have lower credit ratings and are subject to greater risk of default and greater principal risk. Although **Treasuries** are considered free from credit risk they are subject to other types of risks. These risks include interest rate risk, which may cause the underlying value of the bond to fluctuate.

### Definitions

Consumer Price Index (CPI) produces monthly data on changes in the prices paid by urban consumers for a representative basket of goods and services.

S&P 500 Index is a market capitalization-weighted index composed of 500 widely held common stocks that is generally considered representative of the U.S. stock market.

An index is unmanaged and not available for direct investment.

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